

2024 Year-End Stock Market Update

Welcome 2025!

Let's start by acknowledging that 2024 was a remarkable year for equity markets. The S&P 500® Index rallied 25.0% and posted its second consecutive year of 20%+ gains. We witnessed one major stumble in the summer and markets closed the year with a bit of a whimper, but the overall outcome was quite impressive. This likely came as a surprise to many investors given geopolitical risks, recession fears, and election anxieties. Over the last two years, the S&P has returned a stunning 58%. Other indices were up in 2024, but not nearly as strong as the tech-fueled S&P. For instance, the small cap-oriented Russell 2000® Index was up 11.5% and the Russell 1000 Value® Index gained 14.4%.

What were the drivers in 2024? The first notable factor was the ongoing influence of artificial intelligence (AI). Technology stocks tethered to this theme dramatically outperformed the market and largely powered the S&P. The so-called "Magnificent 7"¹, which includes well known technology behemoths, gained 67% and accounted for over half of the S&P 500's gain. Nvidia (NVDA) has been the poster child of this bonanza and returned 171% in 2024. Federal Reserve policy was another driving force. In September, the Fed lowered interest rates for the first time since March 2020 and went on to lower rates two more times. "Easier" monetary policy reinforced the notion that we would avoid an economic recession and buoyed stocks.

Then there was the Presidential election. Equity markets were firm leading up to the election, but went into a new gear after Trump's victory. While President-elect Donald Trump comes with an element of unpredictability and his impact on different industries will vary widely, he is seen as business friendly and favorable for economic growth. Prospects for tax cuts, deregulation and heightened merger/acquisition activity supported stock markets. From a sentiment perspective, we also think investors were comforted by a lack of election controversy and pleased to simply get beyond it.

Market gains faded down the home stretch. While the S&P 500 was only down 2.4% in December, the Russell 2000 and Russell 1000 Value Indices swooned 8.3% and 6.8%, respectively. The equal-weighted S&P was down 6.3% for the month. At one point, the Dow Jones Industrial Average was down 10 straight days (longest down streak since 1974). A couple things shifted sentiment. For one, the "Trump bump" turned into a "Trump slump" as investors grappled with policy uncertainty. For sure, much remains to be seen including the potential impacts of tariffs, changes to immigration policy, and government downsizing. Perhaps more notable, the Federal Reserve had a slightly more "hawkish" tone following its December meeting. With the economy solid and inflation still a bit sticky, policymakers suggested there would be fewer rate cuts than initially expected in 2025.

What will 2025 bring? Warren Buffett once said: "The fact that people will be full of greed, fear, or folly is predictable. The sequence is not predictable." The point being it is very hard to predict short-term market movements. We can, however, observe that the S&P 500 is trading at a price to earnings (P/E) multiple of 21.6x 2025 earnings estimates. This is a rich valuation compared to historical norms and suggests that overall returns for the S&P should moderate relative to the last two years. Supporting this notion, we note the market's P/E ratio is up roughly 25% over the last two years. Accommodative Fed policy is now looking more likely given solid economic growth and sticky inflation, which would argue for less in the way of valuation expansion. However, steady and/or improving earnings growth, especially in more cyclical arenas, should be supportive of stocks.

Digging deeper, we wouldn't be surprised to see some of the large cap tech leaders cool off a bit. At a minimum, we expect their dramatic outperformance to wane. We aren't saying they have to go down. After all, the collective earnings growth for the "Mag 7" is still expected to be much stronger than the broader S&P (24.0% vs 14.6%), but this is down from 42.5% in 2024. It's also very important to reiterate that many areas outside of the tech sector are nowhere near highs and offer much



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¹The Magnificent Seven ("Mag 7"), stocks are a group of high-performing and influential companies in the U.S. stock market: Alphabet, Amazon, Apple, Meta Platforms, Microsoft, NVIDIA, and Tesla

lower valuations than the S&P 500. Case in point, the equal-weighted S&P, which is a better reflection of the average stock, trades at 16.4x 2025 earnings estimates. There is also a subset of stocks that have been on the wrong side of the “Trump trade” for fear of being negatively impacted by the incoming President or potential cabinet members. In some of these cases we think such fears may be overstated. Health care is an industry that comes to mind following recent weakness and we have increased exposure here.

In sum, we are pleasantly surprised by last year’s returns. The new year will likely bring an ongoing dance between economic growth and Fed policy and there’s a chance 2025 will yield more subdued results for the S&P 500. But, there’s also a chance market leadership will change and the sun will shine on corners of the market that have been somewhat neglected of late. We will continue to scour the landscape for opportunities as part of our mission to deliver you compelling risk-adjusted returns. Thank you for your faith and we wish you all the best in the new year!

Sincerely,



George L. Smith III, CFA®
Chairman, Investment Policy Committee

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